

INTRODUCTION TO FICTION ELIT 10.01Y (CRN 44165)

SPRING 2024 CLASS TIME: WEDNESDAY IN PERSON 11:30AM-12:20PM HYBRID MODALITY/ONLINE REQUIREMENTS CLASS: MLC 110

Instructor: Verónica Acevedo Ávila Contact Info: avilaveronica@fhda.edu

Office: F1, 11b

Office Hours:

Mondays 10am-12pm (online through Zoom)

Wednesdays 1pm to 3pm, Language Arts Village Center, L-47

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to introduce students to an array of varied fictional texts. Through an intimate examination of these texts, we will closely analyze and discuss culturally diverse voices and perspectives to gain a deep understanding of human culture and consciousness. We will practice a variety of rhetorical strategies that will include a grace for nuance, subtlety, and the art of descriptive writing used in iconic texts. We will discuss, interpret, analyze, synthesize, and compare a broad range of fictional styles, conventions, and techniques.

Successful completion of ELIT 10 will culminate in satisfying the Humanities general education (GE) requirement for the following GE patterns: IGTEC Area 3B,/IG3B, CSU Area C2, and De Anza Area 2GC2. To satisfy the aforementioned general education requirement, students must earn a grade of C or higher.

INSTRUCTOR'S GOAL

This particular ELIT 10 class is structured on reading, writing, and discussing human consciousness, culture and how these stories translate to contemporary society. We will begin by reading about belonging and the art of science through the lens of Mary Shelley's iconic and classic *Frankenstein*. Week three we will move toward a more contemporary text, Junot Díaz's

Pulitzer Prize novel *The Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao*, and we will end the quarter with Barbara Kingsolver's Pulitzer Prize novel *Demon Copperhead*.

The class will be founded on deep reading, which includes using a variety of strategies to help comprehend collegiate works of fiction. These reading strategies will also improve your writing; the more you understand the text, the better you will be able to articulate and craft a well written response both through formal and informal essays as well as short written responses.

I intend to provide an environment of trust and mutual support that fosters intellectual thought and personal growth. Literature creates empathy; reading and learning about fictional characters allows you to see beyond yourself and to experience feelings, emotions, situations you would never personally encounter. Reading allows you to intimately delve into the mind and soul of a character, explore strange and different places, understand historical settings outside of contemporary society. Texts shift your perspective and allow you to think about possibilities and ways of living you never thought possible. Reading alters you, and this evolution lends to self-awareness and personal growth.

REQUIRED READING MATERIALS (BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST NOVEL WE WILL READ)

Shelley, Mary. Frankenstein (Annotated for Scientists, Engineers, and Creators of All Kinds). Boston: MIT Press. Edited by David H. Guston, Ed Finn, Jason Scott Robert. 1818 text of Mary Shelley. 2017. Online.

Díaz, Junot. The Brief and Wondrous Life of Oscar Wao. New York: Riverhead Books. 2007.

Kingsolver, Barbara. Demon Copperhead. New York: Harper Collins. 2022.

RECOMMENDED READING MATERIAL

Thurman, Susan. The Only Grammar Book You'll Ever Need: A One-Stop Source for Every Writing Assignment. MA: Adams Media. 2003.

MAJOR ASSIGNMENTS AND GRADING PERCENTAGES

%	Assignment
40	Participation including in-person class attendance in-class writing, journaling,
	annotations, reading responses, online writing activities and discussions
60	Analytical essays and short essays*
	*In order to pass this course, you must submit all essays, formal and informal, and
	actively participate both online and in-person.

STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Identify, articulate and evaluate the nature and variety of fictional texts, styles, conventions and techniques
- Analyze fiction in writing from multiple critical perspectives

THE CLASS FRAMEWORK: HABITS OF THE MIND



Habits of mind—ways of approaching learning that are both intellectual and practical—are crucial for all college-level learners. Beyond knowing particular facts or completing mandatory readings, students who develop these habits of mind approach learning from an active stance. These habits help students succeed in a variety of fields and disciplines. They are cultivated both inside and outside school. Teachers can do much to develop activities and assignments that foster the

kind of thinking that lies behind these habits and prepare students for the learning they will experience in college and beyond.

These habits include:

Curiosity

– the desire to know more about the world.

Curiosity is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- use inquiry as a process to develop questions relevant for authentic audiences within a variety of disciplines;
- seek relevant authoritative information and recognize the meaning and value of that information;
- conduct research using methods for investigating questions appropriate to the discipline; and
- communicate their findings in writing to multiple audiences inside and outside school using discipline-appropriate conventions.

Openness

– the willingness to consider new ways of being and thinking in the world.

Openness is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- examine their own perspectives to find connections with the perspectives of others;
- practice different ways of gathering, investigating, developing, and presenting information; and
- listen to and reflect on the ideas and responses of others—both peers and instructors—to their writing.

Engagement

– a sense of investment and involvement in learning.

Engagement is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- make connections between their own ideas and those of others;
- find meanings new to them or build on existing meanings as a result of new connections; and
- act upon the new knowledge that they have discovered.

Creativity

- the ability to use novel approaches for generating, investigating, and representing ideas.
- Creativity is fostered when writers are encouraged to
- take risks by exploring questions, topics, and ideas that are new to them;
- use methods that are new to them to investigate questions, topics, and ideas;
- represent what they have learned in a variety of ways; and
- evaluate the effects or consequences of their creative choices.

Persistence

– the ability to sustain interest in and attention to short- and long-term projects.

Persistence is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- commit to exploring, in writing, a topic, idea, or demanding task;
- grapple with challenging ideas, texts, processes, or projects;
- follow through, over time, to complete tasks, processes, or projects; and
- consistently take advantage of in-class (peer and instructor responses) and out-of-class (writing or learning center support) opportunities to improve and refine their work.

Responsibility

– the ability to take ownership of one's actions and understand the consequences of those actions for oneself and others.

Responsibility is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- recognize their own role in learning;
- act on the understanding that learning is shared among the writer and others—students, instructors, and the institution, as well as those engaged in the questions and/or fields in which the writer is interested; and
- engage and incorporate the ideas of others, giving credit to those ideas by using appropriate attribution.

Flexibility

– the ability to adapt to situations, expectations, or demands.

Flexibility is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- approach writing assignments in multiple ways, depending on the task and the writer's purpose and audience;
- recognize that conventions (such as formal and informal rules of content, organization, style, evidence, citation, mechanics, usage, register, and dialect) are dependent on discipline and context; and
- reflect on the choices they make in light of context, purpose, and audience.

Metacognition

– the ability to reflect on one's own thinking as well as on the individual and cultural processes and systems used to structure knowledge.

Metacognition is fostered when writers are encouraged to

- examine processes they use to think and write in a variety of disciplines and contexts;
- reflect on the texts that they have produced in a variety of contexts;
- connect choices they have made in texts to audiences and purposes for which texts are intended; and
- use what they learn from reflections on one writing project to improve writing on subsequent projects.

(Framework For Success in Postsecondary Writing, Published January 2011 by College of Writing Program Administrators, National Council of Teachers of English, National Writing Project.)

PLAGIARISM AND ACADEMIC DISHONESTY

Plagiarism is when you use the ideas or work of another person or persons as if they were your own; by definition it is "The act of using another person's words without giving credit to that person' (Merriam Webster Dictionary). Proper citation and sourcing, which we will learn in this class, is a necessary way to avoid plagiarism. Borrowing, copying, or pasting from any source, AI or other, is considered plagiarism. Best to use quotes when using computer generated or human sources; paraphrasing is also a smart options when one encounters difficult moments in the text. Students found plagiarizing may be dropped from the course or may be expelled from De Anza College. For more information about the De Anza College policy including potential consequences please visit https://www.deanza.edu/policies/academic integrity.html

STUDENT SUPPORT SERVICES

Below is a list of various services De Anza College offers students *free* of cost. Students with documented special needs can obtain assistance from the Disability Support Services listed below. You may also visit me anytime during the quarter if you are interested in any of the services below.

The Student Success Center:

https://www.deanza.edu/services/

Academic Support:

http://www.deanza.edu/academicsupport/

Counseling information:

http://www.deanza.edu/counseling/

Disability Support:

Students with disabilities who need reasonable accommodations are encouraged to contact the instructor. Disability Support Services (DSS) are available to facilitate the reasonable accommodations process. The DSS is located in the Student Service Building and can be reached by telephone (voice/408-864-8753, video phone/408-864-5650) or you can email Patricia Whelan at whelanpatti@fhda.edu. For more information, please visit: http://www.deanza.edu/dsps/

Financial Aid:

http://www.deanza.edu/financialaid/

Reading and Writing tutorial lab and Student Center:

http://www.deanza.edu/studentsuccess/wrc/

Food Pantry:

http://deanza.edu/outreach/food_pantry.html

Writing and Online Tutoring Websites

- https://writingcenter.unc.edu/tips-and-tools/
- grammarly.com

ESL Websites

- http://www.eslcafe.com
- http://www.englishclub.net/grammar

On Campus:

Writing and Reading Center ATC 309 ext. 5860 www.deanza.edu/studentsuccess/writing-reading-center/

STUDENT DISCLOSURES OF SEXUAL VIOLENCE

De Anza College fosters a campus free of sexual violence including sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and/or any form of sex or gender discrimination. Should you experience any of the above, you may contact the dean of Student Development and EOPS at 408.864.8218 or the vice president of Student Services at 408.864.8330 for support and guidance.